WE COUNT Because Everyone Matters

Bridging the Gap Homeless Point-in-Time Count January 26, 2020

> Report Prepared By: Ka Mana O Na Helu May 2020

Table of Contents

Acknowledgements

Bridging the Gap (BTG), the Continuum of Care (CoC) for the neighbor islands, would like to thank the following agencies and individuals who contributed their time and resources to make the 2020 Point-in-Time (PIT) Count successful.

Ha	waii	Maui	Kauai
*	Epic Ohana	 Department of Housing and Human Concerns 	 Catholic Charities Hawaii
*	Hawaii Community College	 Family Life Center 	 Family Life Center
*	Hawaii County Public Health Nursing	 Feed My Sheep 	✤ Hale Opio Kauai
*	Hawaii Island HIV/AIDS Foundation	✤ Ka Hale A Ke Ola	✤ Ho`ola Lahui Hawaii
*	HOPE Services Hawaii	 Mental Health Kokua 	 Kauai County Dept. of Health
*	Kona Piano Club	 Salvation Army Maui 	 Kauai County Housing Agency
*	Neighborhood Place of Puna	 Share Your Mana 	 Kauai Economic Opportunity
*	Queen Liliuokalani Trust	 U.S. Dept. of Veterans Affairs 	 Malama Pono Health Services
*	Salvation Army		✤ Salvation Army
*	UH Manoa School of Social Work		 ✤ U.S. Dept. of Veterans Affairs
*	United Healthcare		◆ U.S. VETS
*	U.S. Dept. Of Veterans Affairs		✤ Women In Need
*	West Hawaii Community Health Center		

Mahalo to the following individuals, who contributed their time, expertise, and resources to enhance this year's count with geographic and other data visualizations. A special mahalo to Mr. Dan Sereno, who contributed many hours towards the GIS dashboards and analysis for the neighbor islands this year.

- ✤ Tien Lum, Hybrid International, LLC
- County of Maui, Dan Sereno, Geographic Services Manager
- County of Kauai, Garrett Johnson, Senior GIS Analyst
- County of Hawaii, Asia Wasser, Senior GIS Analyst

Executive Summary

Background

Why do we count people experiencing homelessness? Everyone has seen them...encamped on our sidewalks, parks and beaches, crowded into shelters, and lined up for meals. These visuals create a sense of sorrow, pity, and yes, sometimes anger and disgust, all fused into our collective consciousness. As a caring community, we know that the homeless are people just like us but are significantly more vulnerable and desperately in need of assistance. This is why we count...because everyone matters.

Ka Mana O Na Helu (KMNH), the Collaborative Applicant and Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) Lead Agency for BTG, is responsible for conducting and reporting the findings of the local Point-in-Time Count in the annual funding application to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). KMNH prepared this report to provide comprehensive data from the neighbor island 2020 Point-in-Time Count. This report presents an in-depth look at the region's homelessness, including demographic information and county profiles of homelessness by sub-population for the rural counties of Hawaii, Kauai and Maui. The goal of this report is to educate the broad-based community, elected officials, government agencies, and other stakeholders to improve awareness of the immediate homeless situation. The PIT report also endeavors to provide comprehensive data to promote informed decision-making for funding activities, local strategic planning, capacity building, and program development and implementation in the jurisdiction. Findings from local PIT counts will ultimately assist the federal government in better understanding the extent and nature of homelessness across the nation.

Major Findings

Sunday, January 26th, 2020, was the official night of the 2020 Point-In-Time Count. Some encouraging data indicate that efforts to end homelessness are taking hold in some communities. However, contrasting data also shows that there is still much work to be done.

Results from the 2020 Neighbor Islands Homeless PIT Count revealed less than a one percent increase in total one-day homelessness from 1,995 persons in 2019 to 2,010 persons in 2020. This modest increase can be attributed to an overall increase on the island of Hawaii (16%). Kauai realized a four percent decrease in total homelessness, while Maui declined nine percent overall; these decreases were more than offset by the increase noted for Hawaii island.

The 2020 overall increase was fueled by a five percent increase in unsheltered homelessness to 1,304 persons compared to 1,237 in 2019. Unsheltered homelessness climbed on two of the Neighbor Islands, Hawaii (17%) and Kauai (6%); and declined six percent on the island of Maui. This is the first annual increase in total unsheltered homelessness since 2016. The count of homeless persons living in emergency shelters or transitional housing facilities decreased seven percent from 758 to 706 persons, with decreases registering on Maui (-11%), and Kauai (-42%). In October 2019, the new Keolahou emergency shelter opened in Hilo, Hawaii, which accounted for 24 of the sheltered homeless. This shelter opened as part of the

Ohana Zone initiative and was included in the 2020 sheltered count. (In 2018, the Hawaii State Legislature appropriated \$30 million in Ohana Zone funds to address homelessness statewide. Projects receiving Ohana Zone funds are required to have a connection to state and county land and provide services to assist homeless individuals and families to access permanent housing.)

An assessment of the type of individuals experiencing homelessness in 2020 found that of the 2,010 total persons enumerated, 1,341 were individuals representing 67 percent of the total one-day homelessness. Individuals are defined throughout this report as people in households (single or multiple adults) without the presence of children under the age of 18. A total of 669 family individuals within 184 families were homeless, including 67 families with a total of 253 persons living unsheltered. The 67 unsheltered families identified in 2020 translates to a 56 percent increase compared to 2019. A total of 136 children were found living unsheltered within these families. In 2020, 117 sheltered families were counted (50 in emergency shelters and 67 in transitional housing facilities) encompassing 416 total persons, which included 233 children and 183 adults. Sheltered families decreased by 17 (13%) compared to 2019, with the largest decline attributed to Maui (15 total families).

A review of key subpopulations indicates that the total number of self-reported sheltered and unsheltered homeless veterans on the Neighbor Islands increased nine percent to 132 veterans compared to the 2019 total of 121 veterans. A total of 98 unsheltered veterans were encountered in 2020, nearly identical to the 96 counted in 2019. 2020 marks the first year that total veteran homelessness has increased since 2016. Fifty-two unsheltered chronically homeless veteran non-family households were tallied in 2020, 55 percent of the 95 enumerated.

Data from the 2020 report supports an increase in the level of chronic homelessness, with 631 individuals and 78 family individuals, for a total of 709 persons in chronically homeless households. This represents a 13 percent increase compared to the 627 surveyed in 2019. The overall increase reflected a 15 percent increase in chronically homeless individuals, and a one percent increase in chronically homeless family individuals.

This report tabulates data on two additional subpopulations of increasing significance: unaccompanied youth and parenting youth households (see Appendix 5, Tables 5-6). Unaccompanied youth are defined by HUD as people in households without children who are not part of a family with children or accompanied by their parent or guardian during their episode of homelessness, and who are all 24 years or younger. The Neighbor Islands reported 62 total unaccompanied youth households in 2020, with 51 households (82%) living unsheltered, and 11 residing in emergency shelters. The 2020 unaccompanied youth count increased by 22 households (55%) compared to the estimated 40 households in 2019. There were zero unsheltered unaccompanied youth under the age of 18 reported in the 2020 count.

A parenting youth household is defined as a household that contains only persons aged 24 years or younger with one or more dependent children. In 2020, the Neighbor Islands parenting youth households were reported at 14 households with 41 total persons, including 17 children. The number of parenting youth households reported in 2020 increased by four compared to the 2019 count of 10 households.

Given the numbers of homeless found in these counts and the state and federal initiatives to reduce homelessness, continued recommendations to improve the overall implementation of the count include the planning, supervision and execution of the count's efforts, the training of count staff and volunteers, the handling and verification of all survey forms and electronic data, and the introduction of data quality controls by outreach funders or the CoC.

Definition of Key Terms

Key terms used in this report are used for PIT Count reporting purposes. Definitions of these terms may differ in some ways from the definitions found in the Homeless Emergency Assistance and Rapid Transition to Housing (HEARTH) Act and in HUD regulations.

Chronically Homeless (CH) Individual

refers to an individual with a disability who has been continuously homeless for one year or more or has experienced at least four episodes of homelessness in the last three years where the combined length of time homeless in those occasions is at least 12 months.

Chronically Homeless (CH) People in

Families refers to people in families in which the head of household or other adult member has a disability and has either been continuously homeless for one year or more or has experienced at least four episodes of homelessness in the last three years where the combined length of time homeless in those occasions is at least 12 months.

Continuum of Care (CoC) is the local planning body responsible for coordinating the full range of homelessness services in a geographic area.

Emergency Shelter (ES) is a facility with the primary purpose of providing temporary, short-term shelter for homeless people.

Family Individuals are homeless as part of a household that has at least one adult (age 18 and older) and one child (under age 18).

Homeless describes a person who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence.

Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) is the information system designated by the CoC to comply with the data collection requirements prescribed by HUD.

Housing Inventory Count (HIC) is produced by each CoC and provides an annual inventory of beds that assist people in the CoC who are experiencing homelessness or leaving homelessness.

Individual refers to a person who is not part of a family with children during an episode of homelessness. Individuals may be homeless as single adults, unaccompanied youth, or in multiple-adult or multiple-child households.

Other Permanent Housing is housing with or without services that is specifically for formerly homeless people but that does not require people to have a disability.

Parenting Youth are people under age 25 who are the parents or legal guardians of one or more children (under age 18) who are present with or sleeping in the same place as that youth parent, where there is no person over age 24 in the household.

Parenting Youth Household is a household with at least one parenting youth and the child or children for whom the parenting youth is the parent or legal guardian.

Point-in-Time Counts (PIT) are unduplicated one-night estimates of both sheltered and unsheltered homeless populations. The one-night counts are conducted by CoCs nationwide and occur during the last 10 days in January of each year. **Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH)** is a housing model designed to provide housing assistance and supportive services on a longterm basis to formerly homeless people. HUD's Continuum of Care program, authorized by the McKinney-Vento Act, funds PSH and requires that the client have a disability for eligibility.

Rapid Re-housing (RRH) is a housing model designed to provide temporary housing assistance to people experiencing homelessness, moving them quickly out of homelessness and into permanent housing.

Sheltered Homelessness refers to people who are staying in emergency shelters or transitional housing programs.

Transitional Housing (TH) Programs

provide people experiencing homelessness a place to stay combined with supportive services for a longer duration of time than emergency shelters.

Unaccompanied Homeless Youth (under 18)

are people in households with only children who are not part of a family with children or accompanied by their parent or guardian during their episode of homelessness, and who are under the age of 18.

Unaccompanied Homeless Youth (18-24)

are people in households without children who are not part of a family with children or accompanied by their parent or guardian during their episode of homelessness, and who are between the ages of 18 and 24.

Unsheltered Homelessness refers to people whose primary nighttime location is a public or private place not designated for, or ordinarily used as, a regular sleeping accommodation for people (for example, the streets, vehicles, beaches, or parks).

Veteran refers to any person who served on active duty in the armed forces of the United States. This includes Reserves and National Guard members who were called up to active duty.

Overview

The 2020 Point-In-Time Count (PIT) represents the best available data to estimate one-day homelessness on the Neighbor Islands of Hawaii, Maui, and Kauai on the night of January 26th, 2020. The estimate adheres to the federal definition of homelessness which includes individuals and families residing in emergency shelters, transitional housing facilities, and people identified as sleeping and living in an unsheltered location on the night of the count. The count is neither a measure of housing stability among people residing in housing nor a measure of the conditions of such housing and the general housing environment. HUD requires the CoC to produce an unduplicated estimate of sheltered and unsheltered homelessness on a one-day point-in-time conducted during the last 10 days of January. The count is a one-day snapshot of homelessness.

The main objective was to obtain a reliable estimate of sheltered and unsheltered homeless individuals and families. The count helps to 1) assess current levels of homelessness for various household types, 2) provide estimates for the levels of veteran, chronic, and youth homelessness and 3) measure the prevalence of other underlying causes of homelessness such as mental health and substance use disabilities. Each year, PIT reporting is an integral part of local and national planning and serves to support policy and resource allocation decisions. As execution improves, the PIT reporting more accurately reflects the actual state of homelessness within the CoC. The count continues to be an excellent opportunity to engage the public, community leadership, stakeholders, and private businesses in a key statewide homeless initiative.

Hawaii's Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) was utilized to extract the sheltered data needed for this report and continues to serve as the repository for the surveys collected during the unsheltered canvassing. The HMIS is a centralized database used to record services rendered to homeless individuals throughout the state of Hawaii. All service providers who receive federal, state, or county funding are required to participate in the HMIS. Some privately funded agencies voluntarily use the HMIS due to its reporting capabilities.

To ensure that sheltered client data was accurate, coordinators contacted emergency and transitional shelter providers leading up to the count and confirmed that all clients sleeping in their facilities on the night of the count had active HMIS enrollment records. Domestic violence shelters not participating in the HMIS were contacted individually and asked to complete a manual survey form for each of their projects. Generally, the non-HMIS sheltered projects contribute a small percentage of the overall data, however, are an important part of the count each year.

For the unsheltered component, the state received HUD's permission to continue with a multiday canvassing effort in 2020. This encompassed a five-day physical count between Monday, January 27th and Friday, January 31st. Field staff and volunteers asked all individuals appearing or known to be homeless during this time period, "Where did you sleep this past Sunday, January 26th?" to help ensure that consumers were living in places not meant for human habitation on the night of the count. In 2020, Hawaii island elected to include two additional descriptive questions on both the Single and Head of Household surveys. These questions solicited information relating to the length of time clients had been in Hawaii and their primary cause of homelessness. Responses to these questions are detailed more extensively in the "Hawaii Additional 2020 Unsheltered Questions" section of this report. The CoC continued to collect geolocation data based on the site of interview. This data was analyzed with the generous help of Maui County's Geographic Services Manager, Dan Sereno, and can be accessed from the following webpage: https://www.hawaiihomelessprogramshmis.org/reports-publications/hawaii-homeless-point-in-count-reports/.

The unsheltered survey form is largely based on HUD-defined data collection. All surveys collected during the count were cleaned, entered in the PIT module of the HMIS, unduplicated, and analyzed to obtain the final data included in this report. The final 2020 unsheltered survey forms can be accessed through the link below. The following unsheltered surveys were not included in the final unsheltered tally.

- Clients who reported living in a sheltered situation on the night of January 26th, 2020
- Duplicate surveys or records that were already counted in the sheltered component

Stakeholders, regional leaders, homeless service providers, and volunteers attended several planning meetings and in-person trainings leading up to the unsheltered canvassing. The purpose was to convey the count's methodology to all involved, provide background and instructions, and to answer any questions regarding the surveys used during the unsheltered count.

Multiple in-person trainings preceded the 2020 count. Trainees received an overview of the count and its methodology, safety tips, data quality topics, and key points to consider during this year's surveying based on the 2019 results. Regional leadership provided ad hoc field training before and during the count to ensure that outreach personnel and volunteers understood how to administer the survey. Many of the resources that were used leading up to the 2020 count are accessible through the weblink noted above.

Field staff were composed of workers from service agencies that regularly perform outreach to unsheltered homeless individuals. Survey teams were assigned to familiar regions to ensure that many of the high-density areas frequented by unsheltered homeless were surveyed. Skilled outreach staff accustomed to specific areas and clients are more likely to obtain accurate information. Service-based locations, such as food pantries or drop-in centers were also covered extensively during the count to reach additional unsheltered homeless.

The first day of the unsheltered count was conducted with substantial participation from all organizations and volunteers and focused on reaching as many unsheltered homeless individuals as possible. As the week progressed, agencies independently scheduled dates and times for field staff to visit all known locations.

Bridging The Gap (BTG) Summary

The sections that follow provide summary PIT data for the neighbor islands. Table 1 summarizes the total number of sheltered and unsheltered homeless over the last five years, while also providing the proportion for each housing component relative to the total.

	Sheltered		Unsheltered		Total		
	#	%	#	%	#		
2020	706	35.1%	1,304	64.9%	2,010		
2019	758	38.0%	1,237	62.0%	1,995		
2018	705	34.6%	1,330	65.4%	2,035		
2017	785	34.7%	1,476	65.3%	2,261		
2016	846	28.4%	2,135	71.6%	2,981		

Figure 1 illustrates the slight increase in the level of total homelessness over the last year. The 2020 sheltered count declined by seven percent, while the unsheltered count rose by five percent or 67 total persons. Appendix 1 provides the comprehensive shelter listing for all ES and TH projects that comprised the sheltered count. Appendix 3 includes the unsheltered summary by region for Hawaii, Kauai, and Maui. Appendix 4 shows the regional maps of Hawaii, Kauai and Maui. Each of the annual counts through 2016 have been implemented using the same general methodology, thus preserving a level of consistency from year to year. The total number of unsheltered homeless this year was estimated to be 1,304.

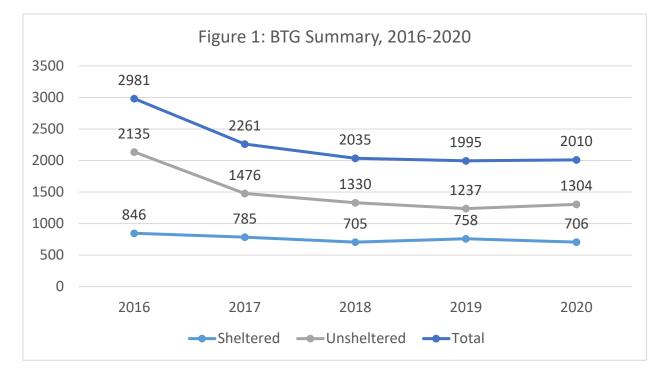
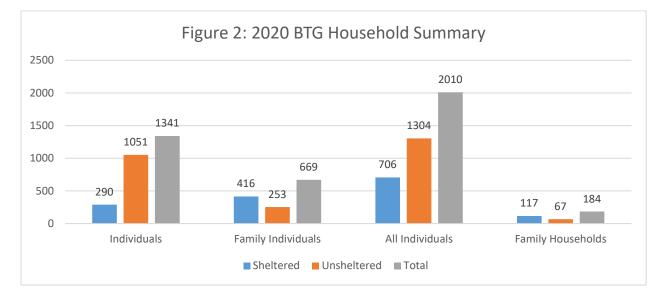


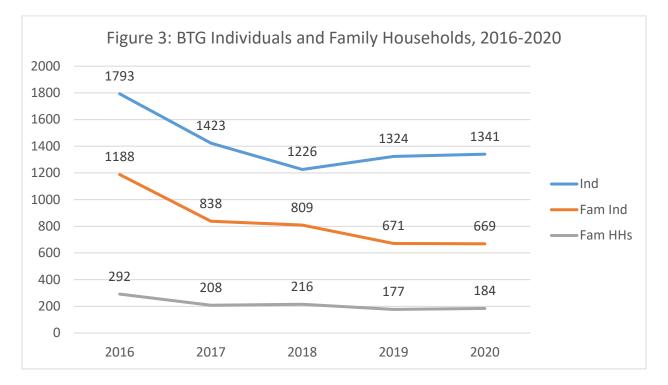
Table 2 summarizes the total number of homeless persons by household type. Throughout this report individuals include persons in households without the presence of children under the age of 18. Individuals made up the largest share of those homeless, with just over 66 percent of the 2,010 total persons. While 1,051 unsheltered homeless individuals made up 81 percent of the 1,304 unsheltered population, they only represented 41 percent of the shelter occupancy. Compared to 2019, family individuals represented a much larger proportion of the unsheltered population and utilized a smaller share of the sheltered resources.

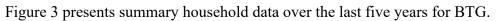
	Sheltered		Unsheltered		Total	
	#	%	#	%	#	
Individuals	290	21.6%	1,051	78.4%	1,341	
Family Individuals	416	62.2%	253	37.8%	669	
Adults	183	61.0%	117	39.0%	300	
Children	233	63.1%	136	36.9%	369	
All Individuals	706	35.1%	1,304	64.9%	2,010	
Family Households	117	63.6%	67	36.4%	184	

Table 2: 2020 BTG Household Summary

Figure 2 illustrates the findings from Table 2. The bars represent the sheltered, unsheltered, and total homeless persons enumerated in 2020. The four household categories match those included in the table above.







BTG Homeless Subpopulations

BTG was required to collect information on specific homeless subpopulations in 2020. These subpopulations and the data for BTG are outlined in Tables 3 through 6. The data presented aligns with HUD reporting specifications.

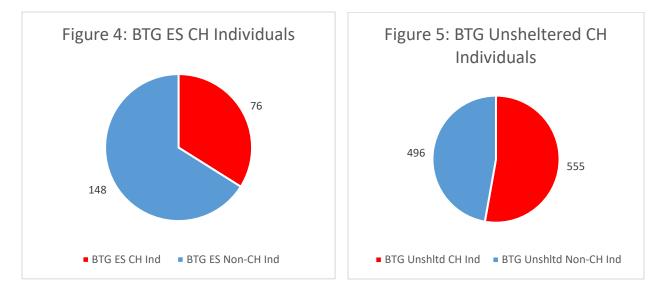
Chronic Homelessness

Table 3 displays the 2020 self-reported chronically homeless estimates for BTG. In total, there were 120 chronically homeless persons in BTG's emergency shelters, encompassing 76 chronic individuals and 44 chronic persons in families. Persons in transitional housing facilities are not counted as chronically homeless for the purposes of the PIT reporting. Among the unsheltered population there were a total of 589 chronically homeless persons, which includes 555 individuals and 34 persons in families. Eleven of the 67 unsheltered families, or 16 percent, reported as being chronically homeless.

	Emergency Shelter	Unsheltered	Total
CH Individuals	76	555	631
CH Families	13	11	24
Persons in CH	44	34	78
Families			

Table 3	BTG	Chronically	Homeless.	2020
I abic 5	DIU	Chromeany	110111010339	2020

Figures 4 and 5 illustrate the proportion of individuals living in emergency shelters and in places not meant for human habitation that were reported as chronically homeless this year. 224 individuals resided in emergency shelters on the night of the count, with just over one third presenting as chronically homeless. 1,051 individuals resided in places not meant for human habitation, with just over half reporting as chronically homeless, up slightly compared to 2019.



Veteran Homelessness

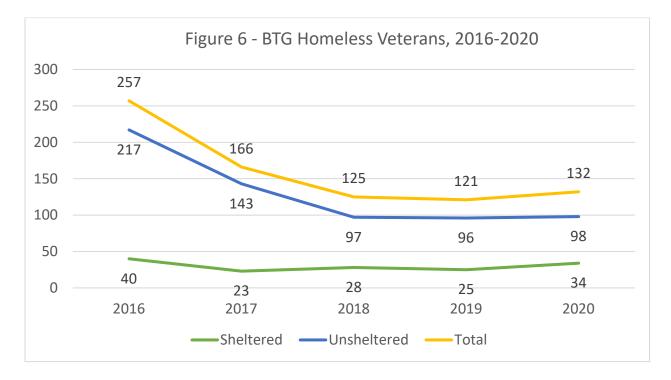
Tables 4 to 5 and Figure 6 present the homeless veteran data that was collected in 2020. The total number of veterans increased by 11 (9%) compared to 2019, with 132 total veterans identified in this year's count. Nine of the 11 additional veterans resided in sheltered programs, while the number of unsheltered veterans rose by two veterans, nearly unchanged over the last three years. Roughly three quarters of the veterans identified this year were unsheltered. In the first table below, the total of 132 veterans includes the veterans presenting within four family households.

Table 1. DTG Homeless veteralis, 2020				
	Emergency	Transitional	Unsheltered	Total
Total Veterans	30	4	98	132
Veteran Families	0	2	2	4
Persons in Veteran Families	0	7	6	13

Table 4: BTG Homeless Veterans, 2020

Sheltered Unsheltered Total # % # % # 34 98 74.2% 132 2020 25.8% 2019 25 20.7% 96 79.3% 121 2018 97 28 22.4% 77.6% 125 2017 13.9% 23 143 86.1% 166 2016 40 15.6% 217 84.4% 257





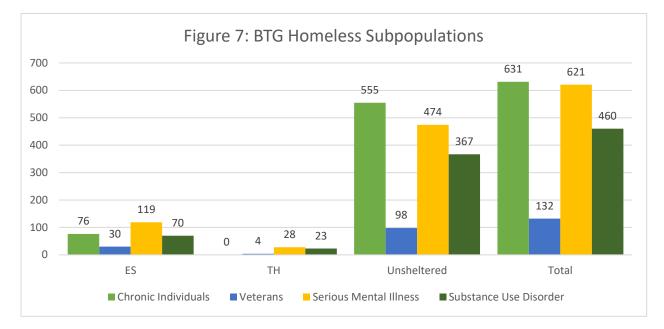
Additional Homeless Subpopulations

Table 6 highlights additional subpopulation data for BTG that was required to be reported by HUD. As indicated in the table header, the Serious Mental Illness (SMI), Substance Use, Human Immunodeficiency Virus / Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (HIV/AIDS) and fleeing domestic violence (DV) data applies only to adults within the sheltered and unsheltered counts. Children under the age of 18 are not included in these statistics. This year there were 297 adults in ES projects, 176 adults in TH, and 1,168 unsheltered adults.

tuble 0. D1 G Multi Hollieless 1 opulations, 2020					
	Emergency	Transitional	Unsheltered	Total	
Serious Mental Illness	119	28	474	621	
Substance Use Disorder	70	23	367	460	
HIV/AIDS	2	0	14	16	
Fleeing DV (Optional in 2020)	47	8	NA	55	

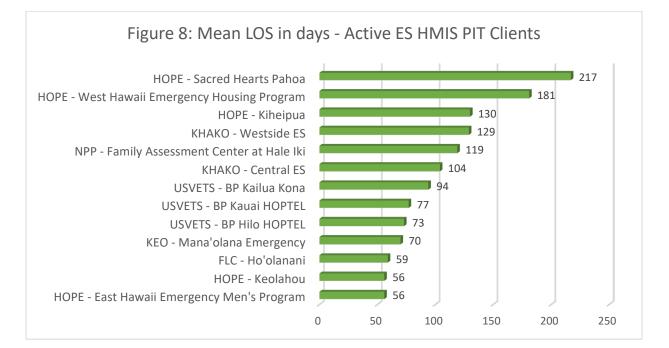
Table 6: BTG Adult Homeless Populations, 2020

Figure 7 presents the four largest subpopulation groups: Chronically Homeless, Veteran, SMI, and Substance Use data from Tables 3, 4-5, and 6 above. The data are grouped by project type, and then totaled in the far-right group of the figure.



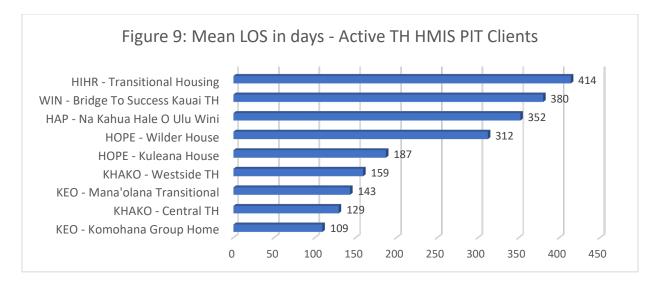
Mean Length of Stay (LOS): Active HMIS Sheltered Clients

Figures 8 and 9 present mean LOS data for the active clients living in the 13 ES and 9 TH HMIS projects included in this year's count. These data are taken from the table in Appendix 2, which displays other descriptive LOS statistics for each of these projects. Within each project type, projects are ordered from longest to shortest mean LOS for all active clients. LOS is measured from enrollment date to the PIT date. Homeless services providers are encouraged to review these data in relation to overall HMIS data quality, since projects with many clients and long mean LOS heavily influence CoC LOS System Performance. System Performance Measures are evaluated by HUD annually and assist in CoC funding determinations. BTG must measure its progress in meeting the needs of people experiencing homelessness in their community and report this progress to HUD. Upon brief review, HOPE Services Hawaii (HOPE) operates the three ES projects with the longest mean LOS; while Hawaii Island Home for Recovery (HIHR), Women In Need (WIN), and Hawaii Affordable Properties (HAP) operate the top three on the TH side. Appendix 2 data also indicates that one client has resided at HIHR for nearly five years.



Key:

FLC: Family Life Center (Maui) HOPE: HOPE Services Hawaii (Hawaii Island) KEO: Kauai Economic Opportunity (Kauai) KHAKO: Ka Hale A Ke Ola (Maui) NPP: Neighborhood Place of Puna (Hawaii Island) USVETS: United States Veterans Initiative (Hawaii Island and Kauai)



Key:

HAP: Hawaii Affordable Properties (Hawaii Island) HIHR: Hawaii Island Home for Recovery (Hawaii Island) HOPE: HOPE Services Hawaii (Hawaii Island) KEO: Kauai Economic Opportunity (Kauai) KHAKO: Ka Hale A Ke Ola (Maui) WIN: Women in Need (Kauai)

BTG Active Clients by Project Type as of the PIT Count Date

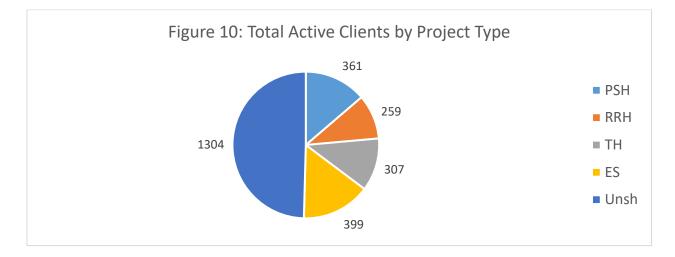
Table 7 displays the total number of unduplicated active clients as of the PIT Count date within the five main HMIS homeless services project types by county and in total for the CoC. In addition to the homeless types included in the PIT analysis (Unsheltered, ES, TH) it is also important to present the number of clients that are actively housed via PSH and RRH resources based on HMIS data, as these clients were homeless prior to being housed and should be included to demonstrate the success of permanent housing initiatives within the CoC. Figure 10 shows that the PSH/RRH clients represent just under one quarter of the currently enrolled, while ES/TH encompass slightly over one quarter. Homeless clients identified via the PIT unsheltered canvassing comprise nearly one half of those active.

The RRH project type had a total of 275 active HMIS enrollments as of the PIT Count date. Of these enrollments, 259 had moved into housing prior to the PIT date, while the other 16 homeless clients were found in one of the homeless project types listed below (Unsheltered, ES, TH). RRH program providers are encouraged to evaluate households that remain actively enrolled yet have moved into housing through existing HMIS reports. Clients no longer requiring financial or supportive services should be discharged through standard HMIS workflows.

	Hawaii	Kauai	Maui	Total
Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH)	181	18	162	361
Rapid Re-Housing (RRH)	183	26	50	259
Transitional Housing (TH)	107	23	177	307
Emergency Shelter (ES)	169	32	198	399
Unsheltered (Unsh)	521	369	414	1,304
Total	1,161	468	1,001	2,630

Table 7: Active Clients by Project Type as of PIT Date

Figure 10 illustrates the total clients by project type from the table above.



Hawaii Island Summary

Table 8 and Figure 11 displays the five-year trends in sheltered, unsheltered, and total homelessness for the island of Hawaii. For 2020, the proportion of unsheltered homeless remained consistent with the results from 2019, however, total homelessness increased by 107, from 690 to 797 persons. The percentage change from last year was nearly 16 percent, with much of the increase attributable to a rise in the level of unsheltered homelessness, up 74 persons, 447 in 2019 compared to 521 in 2020.

	Shelt	Sheltered		Unsheltered		
	#	%	#	%	#	
2020	276	34.6%	521	65.4%	797	
2019	243	35.2%	447	64.8%	690	
2018	200	23.0%	669	77.0%	869	
2017	275	28.9%	678	71.1%	953	
2016	271	19.4%	1,123	80.6%	1,394	

Figure 11 shows the Hawaii trends data and the increase in sheltered, unsheltered and total homelessness compared to 2019. There was a 14 percent increase in sheltered homelessness relative to 2019, from 243 persons to 276 in 2020. This was attributable to several new projects coming online, and increased occupancy among the existing facilities. Unsheltered homelessness increased by 17 percent, led by a 51 person increase in the level of unsheltered individuals.

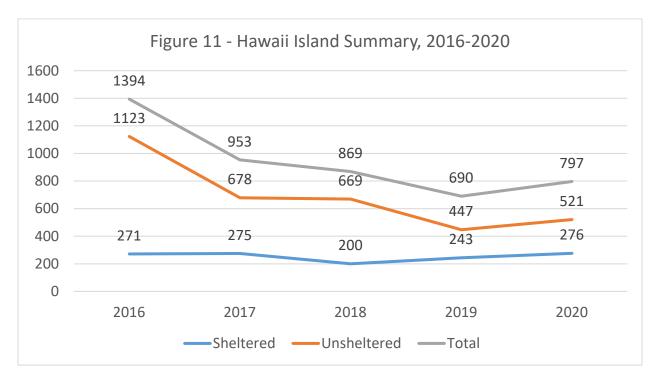
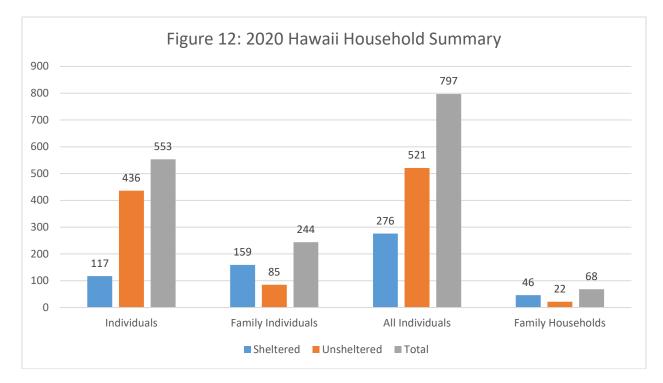


Table 9 presents characteristics by PIT component and household type for Hawaii in 2020. Family individuals comprised 58 percent of the sheltered population (159 out of 276 sheltered family individuals). Individuals made up nearly 84 percent of the unsheltered estimate (436 out of 521 unsheltered individuals).

	Sheltered		Unshe	Hawaii Total	
	#	%	#	%	#
Individuals	117	21.2%	436	78.8%	553
Family Individuals	159	65.2%	85	34.8%	244
Adults	76	67.9%	36	32.1%	112
Children	83	62.9%	49	37.1%	132
All Individuals	276	34.6%	521	65.4%	797
Family Households	46	67.6%	22	32.4%	68

Table 9: 2020 Hawaii Household Summary

Figure 12 illustrates the findings from Table 9. The bars represent the sheltered, unsheltered, and total homeless persons enumerated in 2020. The four household categories match those included in the table above.



Tables 10 through 12 summarize the Hawaii PIT estimates over the last five years. Figure 13 illustrates the trends data presented in Tables 10 through 12.

	Shelt	Sheltered		Unsheltered				
	#	%	#	%	#			
2020	117	21.2%	436	78.8%	553			
2019	74	16.1%	385	83.9%	459			
2018	76	14.6%	445	85.4%	521			
2017	92	16.0%	482	84.0%	574			
2016	90	12.0%	663	88.0%	753			

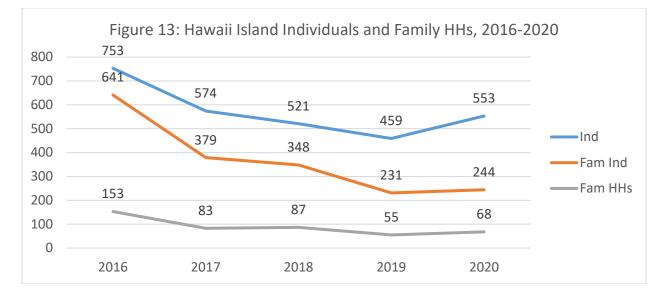
Table 10: Hawaii Island Individuals, 2016-2020

Table 11: Hawaii Island Family Individuals, 2016-2020

	Sheltered		Unshe	HI Total	
	#	%	#	%	#
2020	159	65.2%	85	34.8%	244
2019	169	73.2%	62	26.8%	231
2018	124	35.6%	224	64.4%	348
2017	183	48.3%	196	51.7%	379
2016	181	28.2%	460	71.8%	641

Table 12: Hawaii Island Family Households, 2016-2020

	Sheltered		Unshe	HI Total	
	#	%	#	%	#
2020	46	67.6%	22	32.4%	68
2019	41	74.5%	14	25.5%	55
2018	33	37.9%	54	62.1%	87
2017	41	49.4%	42	50.6%	83
2016	49	32.0%	104	68.0%	153



Hawaii Homeless Subpopulations

Hawaii was required to collect information on specific homeless subpopulations in 2020. These subpopulations and the data for Hawaii are outlined in Tables 13 through 15. The data presented aligns with HUD reporting specifications.

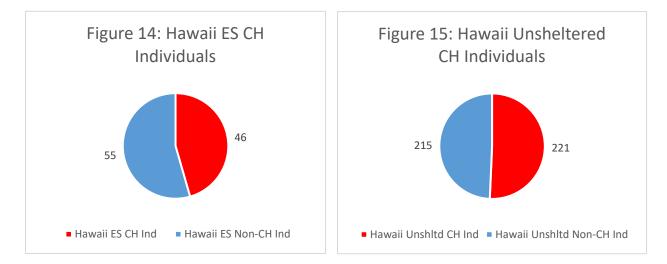
Chronic Homelessness

Table 13 displays the 2020 self-reported chronically homeless estimates for the island of Hawaii. In total, there were 67 chronically homeless persons in Hawaii's emergency shelters, including 46 chronic individuals and 21 chronic persons in families. Persons in transitional housing facilities are not counted as chronically homeless for the purposes of the PIT reporting. Among the unsheltered population there were a total of 239 chronically homeless persons, including 221 chronic individuals and 18 chronic persons in families. Six of the 22 total unsheltered families (27%) reported as chronically homeless.

	Emergency Shelter	Unsheltered	Total
CH Individuals	46	221	267
CH Families	7	6	13
Persons in CH	21	18	39
Families			

Table 13: Hawaii Island Chronically Homeless, 2020

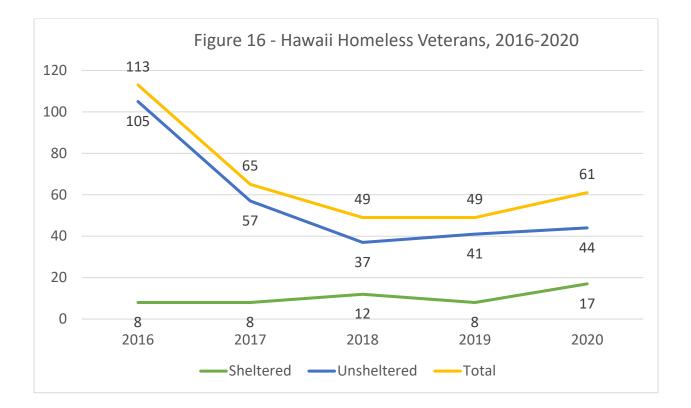
Figures 14 and 15 illustrate the proportion of Hawaii's homeless individuals living in emergency shelters and in places not meant for human habitation that were reported as chronically homeless this year. Individuals residing in emergency shelters totaled 101 on the night of the count, with 46 percent presenting as chronically homeless. Individuals residing in places not meant for human habitation totaled 436, with just over 50 percent reporting as chronically homeless. This represents a nine percent unsheltered increase over 2019.



Veteran Homelessness

Table 14 and Figure 16 present the homeless veteran data that was collected for Hawaii in 2020 and over the last five years, respectively. The total number of veterans increased by 12 (25%) compared to 2019, from 49 total veterans to 61 who were identified in this year's count. Nine of the 12 additional veterans resided in sheltered programs, accounting for the increase from 8 sheltered veterans in 2019 to 17 in 2020. The number of unsheltered veterans rose slightly by three veterans, 44 in 2020 compared to the 41 counted last year. The 44 unsheltered veterans comprised 72 percent of the 61 total veterans identified this year. In the table below, the 61 total veterans include the veterans presenting within the three family households.

	Emergency	Transitional	Unsheltered	Total
Total Veterans	14	3	44	61
Veteran Families	0	1	2	3
Persons in Veteran Families	0	5	6	11



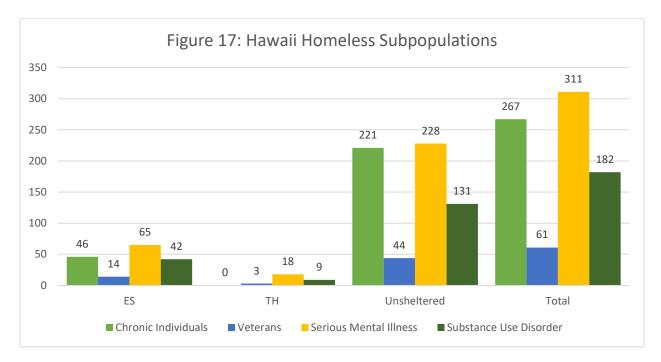
Additional Homeless Populations

Table 15 highlights additional subpopulation data for the island of Hawaii. As indicated in the table header, the SMI, Substance Use, HIV/AIDS, and DV data applies only to adults within the sheltered and unsheltered counts. This year there were 131 adults in ES projects, 62 adults in TH, and 472 unsheltered adults.

	Emergency	Transitional	Unsheltered	Total
Serious Mental Illness	65	18	228	311
Substance Use Disorder	42	9	131	182
HIV/AIDS	2	0	5	7
Fleeing DV (Optional in 2020)	21	7	NA	28

Table 15: Hawaii Adult Homeless Subpopulations, 2020

Figure 17 presents the Chronically Homeless, Veteran, SMI, and Substance Use data from Tables 13, 14, and 15 above. The data are grouped by project type, and then totaled in the far-right group of the figure.



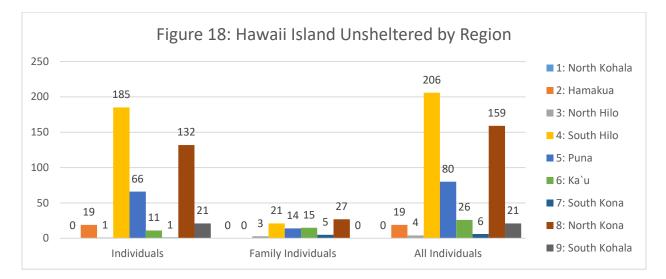
Hawaii Unsheltered Homelessness

Table 16 outlines the unsheltered homelessness by region for the island of Hawaii in 2020. Appendix 4 provides a map of Hawaii showing how each of the nine regions were partitioned. A total of 521 total persons were counted in 2020, up 17 percent from the 447 counted in 2019. Of the 521 total persons, 436 (84%) were individuals, while 85 were members of families. There were 22 families found this year, up eight from one year prior. Figure 18 displays the unsheltered regional data by type of individual. Based on this data, 88 percent (383 out of 436) of the individuals recorded sleeping in either the South Hilo, Puna, or North Kona regions. Fifty-six percent (48 out of 85) of the family individuals slept in either the South Hilo or North Kona regions. GIS analysis completed this year provides much greater geolocation detail based on the site of interview for the 521 clients included in the final unsheltered count and can be accessed from the website provided on page 10.

	Individuals		Fa	mily		All	Fa	mily
			Individuals		Individuals		Households	
Region	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
1: North Kohala	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
2: Hamakua	19	4.4%	0	0.0%	19	3.6%	0	0.0%
3: North Hilo	1	0.2%	3	3.5%	4	0.8%	1	4.5%
4: South Hilo	185	42.4%	21	24.7%	206	39.5%	6	27.3%
5: Puna	66	15.1%	14	16.5%	80	15.4%	5	22.7%
6: Ka`u	11	2.5%	15	17.6%	26	5.0%	3	13.6%
7: South Kona	1	0.2%	5	5.9%	6	1.2%	1	4.5%
8: North Kona	132	30.3%	27	31.8%	159	30.5%	6	27.3%
9: South Kohala	21	4.8%	0	0.0%	21	4.0%	0	0.0%
Total	436	100.0%	85	100.0%	521	100.0%	22	100.0%

Table 16: Hawaii Island Unsheltered Homelessness by Region, 2020

Figure 18 presents the data from Table 16.



Hawaii Additional 2020 Unsheltered Questions

In 2020, Hawaii island elected to collect data on two additional questions through the unsheltered survey. Both questions and response selections were proposed by HOPE Services Hawaii and were vetted by Community Alliance Partners, the local CoC chapter for Hawaii county.

- Did you move to Hawaii within the past year?
- What led to your current living situation?

These new survey questions were included on the Single and Head of Household unsheltered survey forms and were only administered on Hawaii island. In total, there were 1,007 unsheltered households within BTG in 2020. Hawaii island accounted for 415 of these households (41%), which included 22 families and 393 individual households. Table 17 presents response data from the question "*Did you Move to Hawaii within the past year*?". Only 37 of the 415 households (9%) surveyed indicated that they had moved to Hawaii within the past year. Tables 18 through 20 present follow-up data based on affirmative responses to this initial question.

	Fam HH	Individual HH	Total
Yes	2	35	37
No	20	342	362
Refused	0	16	16
Total	22	393	415

Table 17: Did you move to Hawaii within the past year?

	Fam HH	Individual HH	Total
AK	1	1	2
CA	1	8	9
CO	0	3	3
FL	0	2	2
KS	0	1	1
KY	0	1	1
MN	0	3	3
NV	0	1	1
NY	0	1	1
OR	0	3	3
PA	0	1	1
SC	0	1	1
SD	0	1	1
TX	0	2	2
WA	0	3	3
WI	0	1	1
Refused	0	2	2
Total	2	35	37

Table 18: If Yes, what State/Country did you come from?

Of the 35 households providing valid responses, 18 came from what can be considered west coast states (CA, CO, OR, WA). Roughly one quarter of these households surveyed indicated that they would be interested in returning home. For the 37 households that arrived within the last year, Table 20 displays data on why they moved to Hawaii – all households selecting "other" as the primary reason did not elaborate in their response.

	Fam HH	Individual HH	Total
Yes	0	9	9
No	2	26	28
Total	2	35	37

Table 19: If Yes, are you interested in returning home?

Table 20: If Yes, why did you come to Hawaii? (Select one)

	Fam HH	Individual HH	Total
Came for a work/trade living arrangement	0	6	6
Came for the beautiful weather	0	8	8
To move with family/friends and didn't work out	2	8	10
Other	0	13	13
Total	2	35	37

Table 21 presents the data from the question "*What led to your current living situation*?". This question allowed for only one selection, which was intended to be the primary reason that each household was living unsheltered on the night of the count. The most prevalent response leading to homelessness was a family/relationship conflict, followed by the inability to pay rent. In total, these comprised two thirds of the responses. The table below includes modified categories that differ from the choices on the final unsheltered survey tool. This provides more detail on the 170 "Other" responses which were initially collected during the unsheltered canvassing.

Table 21: What led	to vour current l	iving situation? ((Select one)

¥	Fam HH	Individual HH	Total
Choose to Live Unsheltered	1	28	29
Chronic Disability	0	5	5
Family/Relationship conflict	8	155	163
Incarceration	0	9	9
Kilauea eruption	1	6	7
Lack of Affordable Housing	1	13	14
Lost my job	0	13	13
Medical emergency	1	16	17
Mental Illness	0	4	4
Other	1	9	10
Substance Use	0	9	9
Unable to pay rent	8	105	113
Unknown	1	21	22
Total	22	393	415

Hawaii Unsheltered Error Estimates

Table 22 provides an estimate for the number of clients that may have been missed in the unsheltered canvassing by island and for BTG. There were 95 active HMIS clients in Hawaii street outreach projects as of the PIT Count date. Seventy-one of these clients were found in the unsheltered count this year, implying that 24 of the active street outreach clients were missed. Based on this information, a more accurate tally for Hawaii assuming all 24 were unsheltered would be 545, nearly five percent higher than stated. Seventy-one of the 521 unsheltered clients were actively enrolled in an HMIS street outreach project as of the PIT date, implying that 450 or 86 percent were not actively enrolled as of the PIT date. This data is displayed by island and for the CoC in the first table below.

	Hawaii	Kauai	Maui	BTG Total
Active in HMIS Outreach as of 1/26/20	95	79	199	373
Found in Unsheltered PIT Canvassing	71	51	180	302
% Found	75%	65%	90%	81%
Missed in Unsheltered PIT Canvassing	24	28	19	71
% Missed	25%	35%	10%	19%
Total Identified as Unsheltered in 2020	521	369	414	1,304
Total w/o Active HMIS Outreach	450	318	234	1,002
Enrollments as of 1/26/20				
% of Unsheltered PIT Clients w/o Active	86%	86%	57%	77%
HMIS Outreach Enrollments as of 1/26/20				

 Table 22: Hawaii Active HMIS Outreach Clients vs. Identified in the Unsheltered PIT

Hawaii Unsheltered Clients Persisting from 2018-2020

Additional analysis of clients persisting through the last three unsheltered counts is presented in the table below. The first row identifies the total number of unsheltered clients found in 2020. The second row analyzes the number that were found in 2019, which for Hawaii was 55, or 11 percent of the 2020 total. The fourth row presents data on chronic unsheltered homeless, or those clients that have been included in the unsheltered count each of the last three years. The table below provides some context for the constancy of the unsheltered population on each island and can be used as a starting point to direct resources to those most susceptible to chronic homelessness.

 Table 23: Unsheltered Clients Identified in Multiple Counts, 2018-2020

	Hawaii	Kauai	Maui	BTG Total
Total Identified as Unsheltered in 2020	521	369	414	1,304
Clients found in 2019	55	82	102	239
% of Clients found in 2019	11%	22%	25%	18%
Clients found in both 2018 & 2019	21	16	43	80
% of Clients found in both 2018 & 2019	4%	4%	10%	6%

Kauai Summary

Table 24 and Figure 19 displays the five-year trends in sheltered, unsheltered, and total homelessness for the island of Kauai. In 2020, the proportion of unsheltered homeless rose considerably compared to the results in 2019. Kauai realized a 21 person increase in unsheltered homelessness, up six percent relative to 2019, from 348 to 369 unsheltered persons. Sheltered homelessness declined by 40 persons, from 95 in 2019 to 55 in 2020, which represents a year to year decrease of 42 percent. Due to the considerable drop in sheltered homelessness, the overall homeless count declined by four percent, from 443 persons in 2019 to 424 in 2020.

	Shelt	Sheltered		Unsheltered	
	#	%	#	%	#
2020	55	13.0%	369	87.0%	424
2019	95	21.4%	348	78.6%	443
2018	106	36.2%	187	63.8%	293
2017	115	27.9%	297	72.1%	412
2016	91	20.6%	351	79.4%	442

Table 24: Kauai Summary, 2016

Figure 19 shows the Kauai trends data and the decreases in sheltered and total homelessness compared to 2019. Sheltered homelessness was the lowest it has been over the five-year period. Unsheltered homelessness increased to the highest that it has been over the five-year period, also trending in the wrong direction.

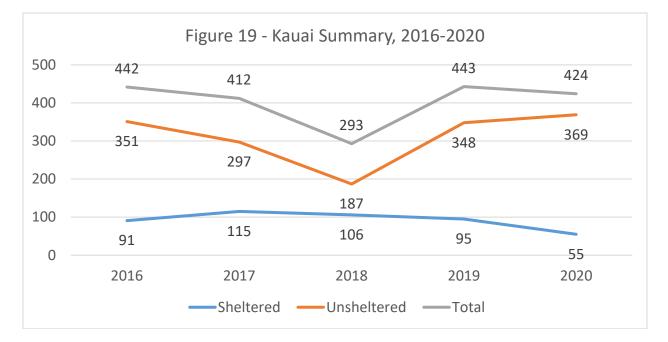
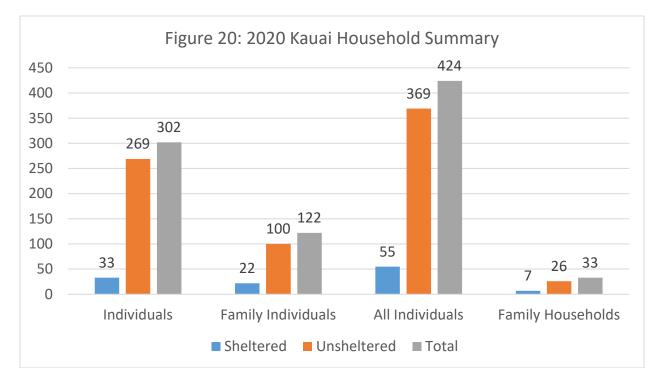


Table 25 presents characteristics by PIT component and household type for Kauai in 2020. Family individuals comprised 40 percent of the sheltered population, while individuals made up nearly 73 percent of the unsheltered estimate. Of the three islands contributing PIT data, Kauai had the greatest number of unsheltered families and by far the highest proportion of unsheltered to sheltered families, at nearly four to one.

	Shelt	tered	Unshe	Kauai Total	
	#	%	#	%	#
Individuals	33	10.9%	269	89.1%	302
Family Individuals	22	18.0%	100	82.0%	122
Adults	9	15.8%	48	84.2%	57
Children	13	20.0%	52	80.0%	65
All Individuals	55	13.0%	369	87.0%	424
Family Households	7	21.2%	26	78.8%	33

Table 25: 2020 Kauai Household Summary

Figure 20 illustrates the findings from Table 25. The bars represent the sheltered, unsheltered, and total homeless persons enumerated in 2020. The four household categories match those included in the table above.



Tables 26 through 28 summarize the Kauai results over the last five years. Figure 21 illustrates the trends data presented in Tables 26 through 28.

	Sheltered		Unshe	Kauai Total	
	#	%	#	%	#
2020	33	10.9%	269	89.1%	302
2019	46	13.9%	286	86.1%	332
2018	43	24.7%	131	75.3%	174
2017	33	13.3%	216	86.7%	249
2016	27	9.9%	246	90.1%	273

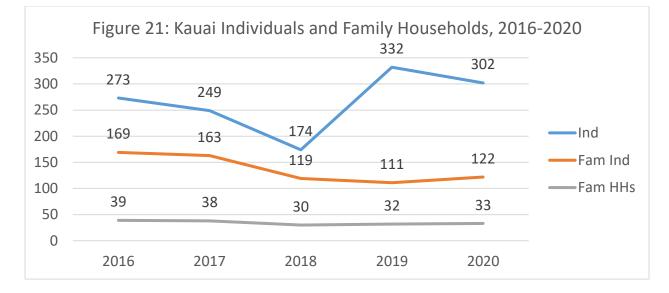
Table 26: Kauai Individuals, 2016-2020

Table 27: Kauai Family Individuals, 2016-2020

	Sheltered		Unshe	Kauai Total	
	#	%	#	%	#
2020	22	18.0%	100	82.0%	122
2019	49	44.1%	62	55.9%	111
2018	63	52.9%	56	47.1%	119
2017	82	50.3%	81	49.7%	163
2016	64	37.9%	105	62.1%	169

Table 28: Kauai Family Households, 2016-2020

	Sheltered		Unshe	Kauai Total	
	#	%	#	%	#
2020	7	21.2%	26	78.8%	33
2019	14	43.8%	18	56.3%	32
2018	18	60.0%	12	40.0%	30
2017	19	50.0%	19	50.0%	38
2016	18	46.2%	21	53.8%	39



Kauai Homeless Subpopulations

Kauai was required to collect information on specific homeless subpopulations in 2020. These subpopulations and the data for Kauai are outlined in Tables 29 through 31. The data presented aligns with HUD reporting specifications.

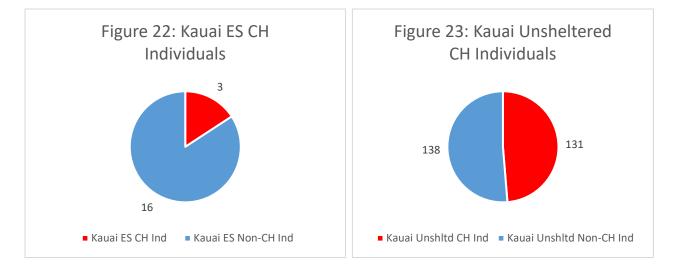
Chronic Homelessness

Table 29 displays the 2020 self-reported chronically homeless estimates for the island of Kauai. In total, there were seven chronically homeless persons in Kauai's emergency shelters, including three chronic individuals and four chronic persons in families. Persons in transitional housing facilities are not counted as chronically homeless for the purposes of the PIT reporting. Among the unsheltered population there were a total of 137 chronically homeless persons, including 131 chronic individuals and 6 persons in CH families. Two of the 26 total unsheltered families (8%) reported as chronically homeless.

	Emergency Shelter	Unsheltered	Total
CH Individuals	3	131	134
CH Families	1	2	3
Persons in CH	4	6	10
Families			

Table 29: Kauai Chronically Homeless, 2020

Figures 22 and 23 illustrate the proportion of Kauai's homeless individuals living in emergency shelters and in places not meant for human habitation that were reported as chronically homeless this year. Individuals residing in emergency shelters numbered 19 on the night of the count, with 16 percent presenting as chronically homeless. Individuals residing in places not meant for human habitation totaled 269, with just under half (49%) reporting as chronically homeless. This represents a four percent increase over 2019 when the ratio was 130 unsheltered chronic individuals to 286 total unsheltered individuals (45%)



Veteran Homelessness

Table 30 and Figure 24 present the homeless veteran data that was collected for Kauai in 2020 and over the last five years, respectively. The total number of veterans decreased by three (-12%) compared to 2019, from 26 total veterans to 23 who were identified in this year's count. Three of the 23 veterans (13%) resided in sheltered programs, while the number of unsheltered veterans remained unchanged, compared to the 20 counted last year. The 20 unsheltered veterans comprised 87 percent of the 23 total veterans identified this year. There were zero homeless veteran families identified on Kauai this year.

	Emergency	Transitional	Unsheltered	Total
Total Veterans	3	0	20	23
Veteran Families	0	0	0	0
Persons in Veteran Families	0	0	0	0

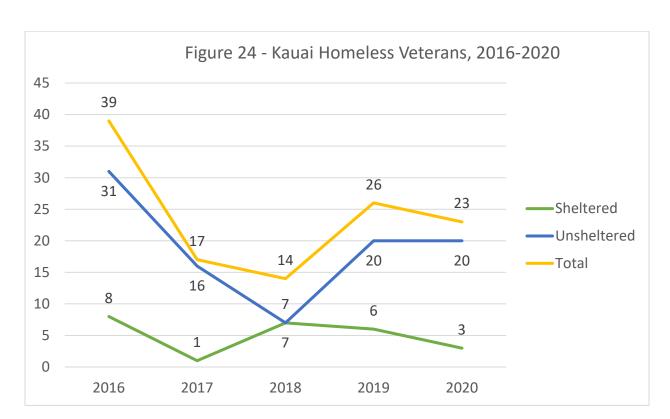


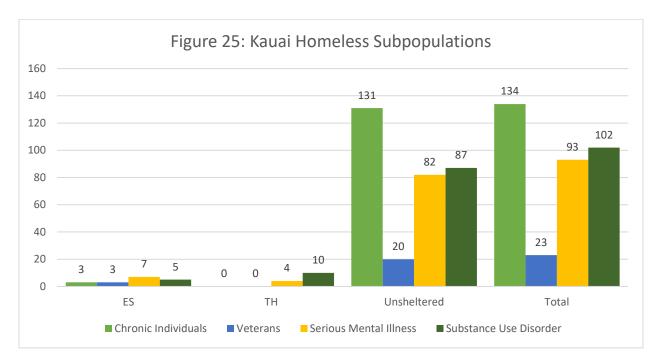
Table 30: Kauai Homeless Veterans, 2020

Additional Homeless Populations

Table 31 highlights additional subpopulation data for the island of Kauai. As indicated in the table header, the SMI, Substance Use, HIV/AIDS, and DV data applies only to adults within the sheltered and unsheltered counts. This year there were 23 adults in ES projects, 19 adults in TH, and 317 unsheltered adults.

	Emergency	Transitional	Unsheltered	Total
Serious Mental Illness	7	4	82	93
Substance Use Disorder	5	10	87	102
HIV/AIDS	0	0	2	2
Fleeing DV (Optional)	7	0	NA	7

Figure 25 presents the Chronically Homeless, Veteran, SMI, and Substance Use data from Tables 29, 30, and 31 above. The data are grouped by project type, and then totaled in the far-right group of the figure.



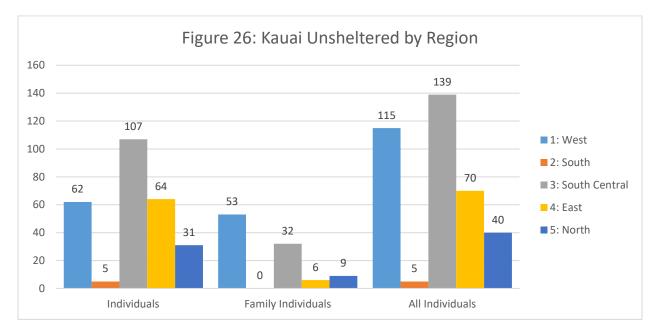
Kauai Unsheltered Homelessness

Table 32 outlines the unsheltered homelessness by region for the island of Kauai in 2020. Appendix 4 provides a map of Kauai showing how each of the five regions were partitioned. A total of 369 total persons were counted in 2020, up six percent from the 348 accounted for in 2019. Of the 369 total persons, 269 (73%) were individuals, while 100 were members of families. There were 26 families counted this year, up eight from one year prior. Figure 26 displays the unsheltered regional data by type of individual. Based on this data, 87 percent (233) of the individuals recorded sleeping in either the West, South Central, or East regions. Eighty-five percent of the family individuals slept in either the West or South Central regions. GIS analysis completed this year provides much greater geolocation detail based on the site of interview for the 369 clients included in the final unsheltered count and can be accessed from the website provided on page 10.

	Individuals		Family Individuals		All Individuals		Family Households	
Zone	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
1: West	62	23.0%	53	53.0%	115	31.2%	13	50.0%
2: South	5	1.9%	0	0.0%	5	1.4%	0	0.0%
3: South Central	107	39.8%	32	32.0%	139	37.7%	9	34.6%
4: East	64	23.8%	6	6.0%	70	19.0%	2	7.7%
5: North	31	11.5%	9	9.0%	40	10.8%	2	7.7%
Total	269	100.0%	100	100.0%	369	100.0%	26	100.0%

Table 32: Kauai Unsheltered Homelessness by Region

Figure 26 presents the data from Table 32.



Kauai Unsheltered Error Estimates

Table 33 provides an estimate for the number of clients that may have been missed in the unsheltered canvassing by island and for BTG. There were 79 active HMIS clients in Kauai street outreach projects as of the PIT Count date. Fifty-one of these clients were found in the unsheltered count this year, indicating that 28 of the active street outreach clients were missed. Based on this information, a more accurate tally for Kauai assuming all 28 were unsheltered would be 397, nearly eight percent higher than stated. Fifty-one of the 369 unsheltered clients were actively enrolled in an HMIS street outreach project as of the PIT date, indicating that 318 or 86 percent were not actively enrolled as of the PIT date. This data is displayed by island and for the CoC in the first table below.

	Hawaii	Kauai	Maui	BTG Total
Active in HMIS Outreach as of 1/26/20	95	79	199	373
Found in Unsheltered PIT Canvassing	71	51	180	302
% Found	75%	65%	90%	81%
Missed in Unsheltered PIT Canvassing	24	28	19	71
% Missed	25%	35%	10%	19%
Total Identified as Unsheltered in 2020	521	369	414	1,304
Total w/o Active HMIS Outreach	450	318	234	1,002
Enrollments as of 1/26/20				
% of Unsheltered PIT Clients w/o Active	86%	86%	57%	77%
HMIS Outreach Enrollments as of 1/26/20				

Table 33: Kauai Active HMIS Outreach Clients vs. Identified in the Unsheltered PIT

Kauai Unsheltered Clients Persisting from 2018-2020

Additional analysis of clients persisting through the last three unsheltered counts is presented in the table below. The first row identifies the total number of unsheltered clients found in 2020. The second row analyzes the number that were found in 2019, which for Kauai was 82, or 22 percent of the 2020 total. The fourth row presents data on chronic unsheltered homeless, or those clients that have been included in the unsheltered count each of the last three years. The table below provides some context for the constancy of the unsheltered population on each island and can be used as a starting point to direct resources to those most susceptible to chronic homelessness.

	Hawaii	Kauai	Maui	BTG Total
Total Identified as Unsheltered in 2020	521	369	414	1,304
Clients found in 2019	55	82	102	239
% of Clients found in 2019	11%	22%	25%	18%
Clients found in both 2018 & 2019	21	16	43	80
% of Clients found in both 2018 & 2019	4%	4%	10%	6%

Maui Summary

Table 35 and Figure 27 displays the five-year trends in sheltered, unsheltered, and total homelessness for the island of Maui. For 2020, the proportion of unsheltered homeless remained consistent with prior results, however, total homelessness on island declined by eight percent to 789 in 2020 from 862 in 2019. The decrease was fueled by declines in both sheltered and unsheltered homelessness. Sheltered homelessness was down by 45 people, from 420 in 2019 to 375 in 2020. Unsheltered homelessness saw a reduction of 28 people, from 442 in 2019 to 414 in 2020.

	Sheltered		Unshe	Maui Total	
	#	%	#	%	#
2020	375	47.5%	414	52.5%	789
2019	420	48.7%	442	51.3%	862
2018	399	45.7%	474	54.3%	873
2017	395	44.1%	501	55.9%	896
2016	484	42.3%	661	57.7%	1,145

Table 35: Maui Summary, 2016-2020

Figure 27 shows the Maui trends data and the decreases in sheltered, unsheltered and total homelessness compared to 2019. Unsheltered and total homelessness have declined annually each of the last four years. There was an 11 percent drop in sheltered homelessness relative to 2019, attributable in large part to a 19 percent (15 families) reduction in sheltered families to 64. Unsheltered homelessness declined by six percent, led by a 56-person decrease in the level of unsheltered individuals. Unsheltered families increased in 2020 by eight households to 19, including 68 individual household members, compared to 11 unsheltered households consisting of 40 individuals in 2019.

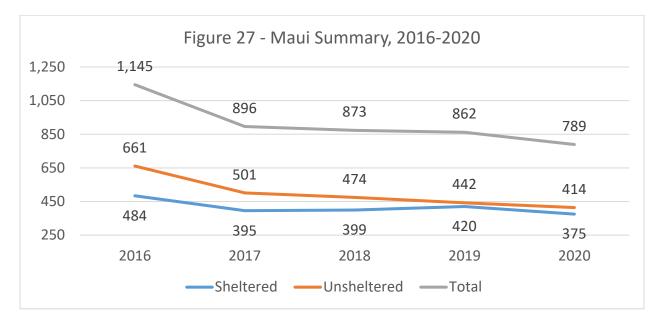
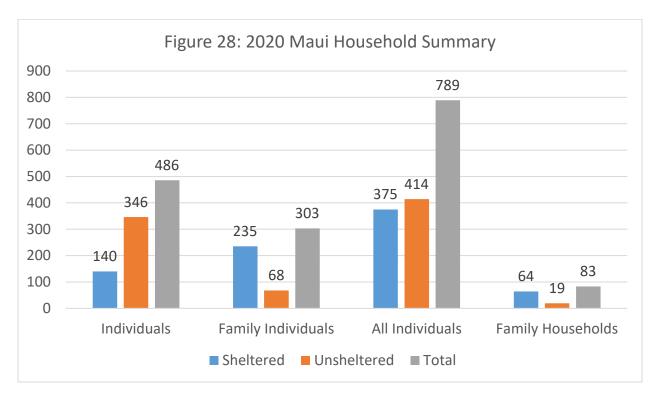


Table 36 presents characteristics by PIT component and household type for Maui in 2020. Family individuals comprised 63 percent of the sheltered population, while individuals made up nearly 84 percent of the unsheltered estimate.

	Shelt	tered	Unshe	Maui Total	
	#	%	#	%	#
Individuals	140	28.8%	346	71.2%	486
Family Individuals	235	77.6%	68	22.4%	303
Adults	98	74.8%	33	25.2%	131
Children	137	79.7%	35	20.3%	172
All Individuals	375	47.5%	414	52.5%	789
Family Households	64	77.1%	19	22.9%	83

Figure 28 illustrates the findings from Table 36. The bars represent the sheltered, unsheltered, and total homeless persons enumerated in 2020. The four household categories match those included in the table above.



Tables 37 through 39 summarize the Maui PIT estimates over the last five years. Figure 29 illustrates the trends data presented in Tables 37 through 39.

	Sheltered		Unshe	Maui Total	
	#	%	#	%	#
2020	140	28.8%	346	71.2%	486
2019	131	24.6%	402	75.4%	533
2018	107	20.2%	424	79.8%	531
2017	120	20.0%	480	80.0%	600
2016	242	31.6%	525	68.4%	767

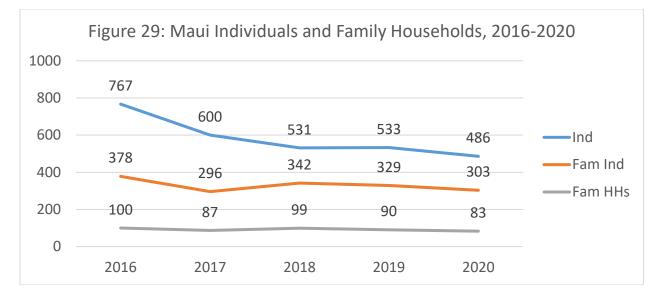
Table 37: Maui Individuals, 2016-2020

Table 38: Maui Family Individuals, 2016-2020

	Sheltered		Unshe	Maui Total	
	#	%	#	%	#
2020	235	77.6%	68	22.4%	303
2019	289	87.8%	40	12.2%	329
2018	292	85.4%	50	14.6%	342
2017	275	92.9%	21	7.1%	296
2016	242	64.0%	136	36.0%	378

Table 39: Maui Family Households, 2016-2020

	Sheltered		Unshe	Maui Total	
	#	%	#	%	#
2020	64	77.1%	19	22.9%	83
2019	79	87.8%	11	12.2%	90
2018	84	84.8%	15	15.2%	99
2017	80	92.0%	7	8.0%	87
2016	66	66.0%	34	34.0%	100



Maui Homeless Subpopulations

Maui was required to collect information on specific homeless subpopulations in 2020. These subpopulations and the data for Maui are outlined in Tables 40 through 42. The data presented aligns with HUD reporting specifications.

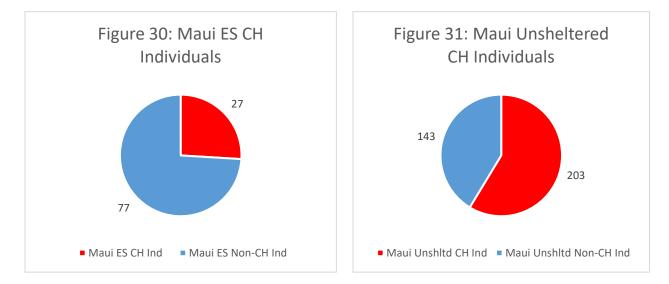
Chronic Homelessness

Table 40 displays the 2020 self-reported chronically homeless estimates for the island of Maui. In total, there were 46 chronically homeless persons in Maui's emergency shelters, including 27 chronic individuals and 19 chronic persons in families. Persons in transitional housing facilities are not counted as chronically homeless for the purposes of the PIT reporting. Among the unsheltered population there were a total of 213 chronically homeless persons, with three of the 19 families (16%) reporting as chronically homeless.

	Emergency Shelter	Unsheltered	Total
CH Individuals	27	203	230
CH Families	5	3	8
Persons in CH	19	10	29
Families			

Table 40: Maui Chronically Homeless, 2020

Figures 30 and 31 illustrate the proportion of Maui's homeless individuals living in emergency shelters and in places not meant for human habitation that were reported as chronically homeless this year. Individuals residing in emergency shelters numbered 104 on the night of the count, with roughly one quarter presenting as chronically homeless. Individuals residing in places not meant for human habitation totaled 346, with 59 percent reporting as chronically homeless. This represents a three percent increase over 2019 when the ratio was 225 unsheltered chronic individuals to 402 total unsheltered individuals (56%).



Veteran Homelessness

Table 41 and Figure 32 present the homeless veteran data that was collected for Maui in 2020 and over the last five years, respectively. The total number of veterans increased by two (4%) compared to 2019, from 46 total veterans to 48 total veterans identified in this year's count. Compared to 2019, three additional veterans resided in sheltered programs, while the number of unsheltered veterans declined slightly by one veteran, compared to the 35 counted last year. Seventy-one percent of the veterans identified this year were unsheltered. In the table below, the total veterans (48) includes the one veteran presenting within a family household.

	Emergency	Transitional	Unsheltered	Total
Total Veterans	13	1	34	48
Veteran Families	0	1	0	1
Persons in Veteran Families	0	2	0	2

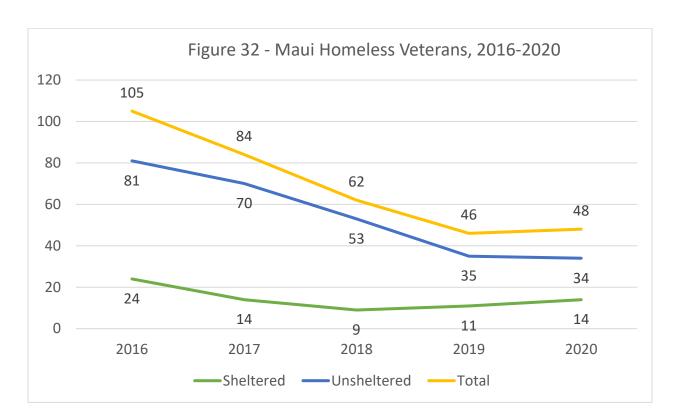


Table 41: Maui Homeless Veterans, 2020

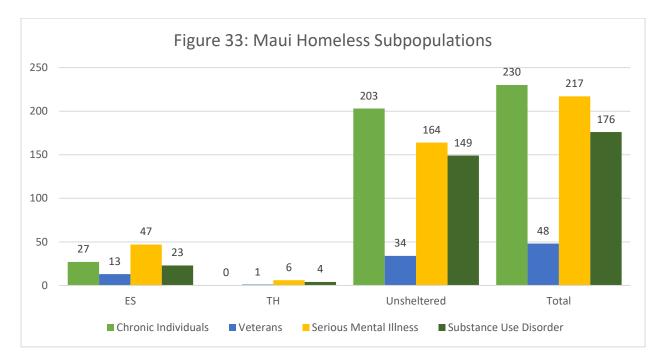
Additional Homeless Populations

Table 42 highlights additional subpopulation data for the island of Maui. As indicated in the table header, the SMI, Substance Use, HIV/AIDS, and DV data applies only to adults within the sheltered and unsheltered counts. This year there were 143 adults in ES projects, 95 adults in TH, and 379 unsheltered adults.

	Emergency	Transitional	Unsheltered	Total
Serious Mental Illness	47	6	164	217
Substance Use Disorder	23	4	149	176
HIV/AIDS	0	0	7	7
Fleeing DV (Optional in 2020)	19	1	NA	20

Table 42: Maui Adult Homeless Subpopulations, 2020

Figure 33 presents the Chronically Homeless, Veteran, SMI, and Substance Use data from Tables 40, 41, and 42 above. The data are grouped by project type, and then totaled in the far-right group of the figure.

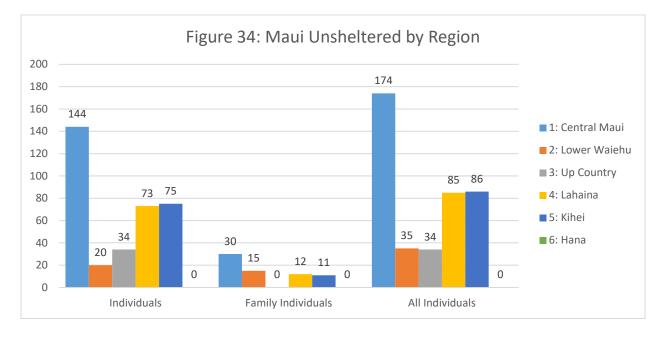


Maui Unsheltered Homelessness

Table 43 outlines the unsheltered homelessness by region for the island of Maui in 2020. Appendix 4 provides a map of Maui showing how each of the six regions were partitioned. A total of 414 total persons were counted in 2020, down six percent from the 442 accounted for in 2019. Of the 414 total persons, 346 (84%) were individuals, while 68 were members of families. There were 19 families found this year, up eight from one year prior. Figure 34 displays the unsheltered regional data by type of individual. Based on this data, 84 percent (292) of the individuals recorded sleeping in either the Central Maui, Lahaina, or Kihei regions. Sixty-six percent of the family individuals slept in either the Central Maui or Lower Waiehu regions. GIS analysis completed this year provides much greater geolocation detail based on the site of interview for the 414 clients included in the final unsheltered count and can be accessed from the website provided on page 10.

	Indi	viduals	Family Individuals			All Family Individuals Household		v
Region	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
1: Central Maui	144	41.6%	30	44.1%	174	42.0%	9	47.4%
2: Lower Waiehu	20	5.8%	15	22.1%	35	8.5%	3	15.8%
3: Up Country	34	9.8%	0	0.0%	34	8.2%	0	0.0%
4: Lahaina	73	21.1%	12	17.6%	85	20.5%	4	21.1%
5: Kihei	75	21.7%	11	16.2%	86	20.8%	3	15.8%
6: Hana	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Total	346	100.0%	68	100.0%	414	100.0%	19	100.0%

Table 43: Maui Unsheltered Homelessness by Region



Maui Unsheltered Error Estimates

Table 44 provides an estimate for the number of clients that may have been missed in the unsheltered canvassing by island and for BTG. There were 199 active HMIS clients in Maui street outreach projects as of the PIT Count date. Of these clients, 180 were found in the unsheltered count this year, indicating that 19 of the active street outreach clients were missed. Based on this information, a more accurate tally for Maui assuming all 19 were unsheltered would be 433, nearly five percent higher than stated. Of the 414 unsheltered clients, 180 were actively enrolled in an HMIS street outreach project as of the PIT date, indicating that 234 or 57 percent were not actively enrolled as of the PIT date. This data is displayed by island and for the CoC in the first table below. Maui had the highest rate of PIT coverage for their active HMIS clients and the lowest rate of those clients not represented in their street outreach projects.

	Hawaii	Kauai	Maui	BTG Total
Active in HMIS Outreach as of 1/26/20	95	79	199	373
Found in Unsheltered PIT Canvassing	71	51	180	302
% Found	75%	65%	90%	81%
Missed in Unsheltered PIT Canvassing	24	28	19	71
% Missed	25%	35%	10%	19%
Total Identified as Unsheltered in 2020	521	369	414	1,304
Total w/o Active HMIS Outreach	450	318	234	1,002
Enrollments as of 1/26/20				
% of Unsheltered PIT Clients w/o Active	86%	86%	57%	77%
HMIS Outreach Enrollments as of 1/26/20				

 Table 44: Maui Active HMIS Outreach Clients vs. Identified in the Unsheltered PIT

Maui Unsheltered Clients Persisting from 2018-2020

Additional analysis of clients persisting through the last three unsheltered counts is presented in the table below. The first row identifies the total number of unsheltered clients found in 2020. The second row analyzes the number that were found in 2019, which for Maui was 102, or 25 percent of the 2020 total. The fourth row presents data on chronic unsheltered homeless, or those clients that have been included in the unsheltered count each of the last three years. The table below provides some context for the constancy of the unsheltered population on each island and can be used as a starting point to direct resources to those most susceptible to chronic homelessness.

		/		
	Hawaii	Kauai	Maui	BTG Total
Total Identified as Unsheltered in 2020	521	369	414	1,304
Clients found in 2019	55	82	102	239
% of Clients found in 2019	11%	22%	25%	18%
Clients found in both 2018 & 2019	21	16	43	80
% of Clients found in both 2018 & 2019	4%	4%	10%	6%

Appendix 1: Sheltered Project Listings

Island/Org Name	Project Name	Туре	Fam HHs	Vets	Total CH	Ind	Fam Ind	All Ind
Hawaii								
Child & Family Service	CFS - Hale Kahua Paa	TH - DV	3	0	0	0	9	9
Child & Family Service	CFS - Hale Ohana	ES - DV	5	0	9	1	13	14
Child & Family Service	CFS - West Hawaii Domestic Abuse Shelter	ES - DV	5	0	0	4	16	20
Hawaii Island Home for Recovery	HIHR - Transitional Housing	TH	0	2	0	14	0	14
Hawaii Rise	HAP - Na Kahua Hale O Ulu Wini	TH	19	0	0	0	71	71
HOPE Services Hawaii	HOPE - East Hawaii ES Men's Program	ES	0	1	11	16	0	16
HOPE Services Hawaii	HOPE - Keolahou	ES	0	1	10	24	0	24
HOPE Services Hawaii	HOPE - Kiheipua	ES	4	1	5	6	15	21
HOPE Services Hawaii	HOPE - Kuleana House	TH	1	0	0	2	3	5
HOPE Services Hawaii	HOPE - Sacred Hearts Pahoa	ES	0	0	9	17	0	17
HOPE Services Hawaii	HOPE - West Hawaii ES Housing Program	ES	0	0	8	20	0	20
HOPE Services Hawaii	HOPE - Wilder House	TH	2	1	0	0	8	8
Neighborhood Place of Puna	NPP - Family Assessment Center at Hale Iki	ES	7	1	10	3	24	27
USVETS	USVETS - BP Hilo HOPTEL	ES	0	5	3	5	0	5
USVETS	USVETS - BP Kailua Kona HOPTEL	ES	0	5	2	5	0	5
Total			46	17	67	117	159	276
Kauai								
Kauai Economic Opportunity	KEO - Komohana Group Home	TH	0	0	0	4	0	4
Kauai Economic Opportunity	KEO - Mana'olana Emergency	ES	1	0	0	11	6	17
Kauai Economic Opportunity	KEO - Mana'olana Transitional	TH	3	0	0	2	7	9
USVETS	USVETS - BP Kauai HOPTEL	ES	0	3	2	3	0	3
Women In Need	WIN - Bridge To Success Kauai	TH	1	0	0	8	2	10
YWCA	YWCA - Family Violence Shelter	ES - DV	2	0	5	5	7	12
Total			7	3	7	33	22	55
Maui								
Family Life Center	FLC - Ho'olanani	ES	3	0	5	7	11	18
Ka Hale A Ke Ola	KHAKO - Central ES	ES	11	6	22	44	35	79
Ka Hale A Ke Ola	KHAKO - Central TH	TH	23	0	0	15	80	95
Ka Hale A Ke Ola	KHAKO - Westside ES	ES	6	7	12	46	27	73
Ka Hale A Ke Ola	KHAKO - Westside TH	TH	15	1	0	21	61	82
Women Helping Women	WHW - Hale Lokomaikai	ES - DV	6	0	7	7	21	28
Total			64	14	46	140	235	375
Sheltered Total			117	34	120	290	416	706

Project Name	Island	Project Type	N=	Mean	Median	Min	Max
Hawaii							
HOPE - Sacred Hearts Pahoa	Hawaii	ES	17	217	159	2	537
HOPE - West Hawaii Emergency Housing Program	Hawaii	ES	20	181	185	34	321
HOPE - Kiheipua	Hawaii	ES	21	130	108	31	311
NPP - Family Assessment Center at Hale Iki	Hawaii	ES	27	119	108	15	225
USVETS - BP Kailua Kona HOPTEL	Hawaii	ES	5	94	83	18	151
USVETS - BP Hilo HOPTEL	Hawaii	ES	5	73	75	2	131
HOPE - East Hawaii Emergency Men's Program	Hawaii	ES	16	56	42	2	150
HOPE - Keolahou	Hawaii	ES	24	56	59	3	104
HIHR - Transitional Housing	Hawaii	TH	14	414	370	9	1,678
HAP - Na Kahua Hale O Ulu Wini	Hawaii	TH	71	352	419	24	703
HOPE - Wilder House	Hawaii	TH	8	312	174	174	566
HOPE - Kuleana House	Hawaii	TH	5	187	187	187	188
Kauai							
USVETS - BP Kauai HOPTEL	Kauai	ES	3	77	68	46	118
KEO - Mana'olana Emergency	Kauai	ES	17	70	71	9	335
WIN - Bridge To Success Kauai	Kauai	TH	10	380	358	138	709
KEO - Mana'olana Transitional	Kauai	TH	9	143	65	4	312
KEO - Komohana Group Home	Kauai	TH	4	109	107	20	202
Maui							
KHAKO - Westside ES	Maui	ES	73	129	47	4	450
KHAKO - Central ES	Maui	ES	79	104	89	2	317
FLC - Ho'olanani	Maui	ES	18	59	23	5	195
KHAKO - Westside TH	Maui	TH	82	159	135	6	643
KHAKO - Central TH	Maui	TH	95	129	116	3	320

Appendix 2: LOS for Active PIT Clients in HMIS Sheltered ES, TH Projects

Island/Region Name	Total	Total	Individuals	Family	Total
	Veterans	CH Persons		Individuals	Persons
Hawaii					
1. North Kohala	0	0	0	0	0
2. Hamakua	2	7	19	0	19
3. North Hilo	0	0	1	3	4
4. South Hilo	15	102	185	21	206
5. Puna	5	46	66	14	80
6. Ka`u	2	2	11	15	26
7. South Kona	0	1	1	5	6
8. North Kona	19	70	132	27	159
9. South Kohala	1	11	21	0	21
Total	44	239	436	85	521
Kauai					
1. West	5	32	62	53	115
2. South	0	2	5	0	5
3. South Central	9	63	107	32	139
4. East	5	31	64	6	70
5. North	1	9	31	9	40
Total	20	137	269	100	369
Maui					
1. Central Maui	14	92	144	30	174
2. Lower Waiehu	2	15	20	15	35
3. Up Country	4	14	34	0	34
4. Lahaina	6	41	73	12	85
5. Kihei	8	51	75	11	86
6. Hana	0	0	0	0	0
Total	34	213	346	68	414
Unsheltered Total	98	589	1,051	253	1,304

Appendix 4: Unsheltered Regional Maps

Hawaii

1 - North Kohala Mahukona, Kapa'a, Lapanaia, 'Upolu Airport, King Kamehameha Park, Kohala Lighthouse, Keokea 2 - Hamakua Mud Lane, Waipio Valley, Kukuihaele, Haina, Ahualoa, Honoka'a Town, Paauhau, Kalopa, Paauilo

9 - South Kohala Puako Boat Ramp, Spencer Beach, Kawaihae Harbor, LSD Landing, Parker Ranch Shopping Center, Waimea Park, Nature Park, Church Row

8 - North Kona Ka'iminani, Honokohau, Kua Bay, Pine Trees, OTEC, Keauhou Bay, End of the World, Kapahulu, Kahalu'u, Magic Sands, Tunnels, Lymans, Banyans, HONLS, Living Stones, Coconut Grove, Henry St., Palani, Hale Halawai, Waikoloa Village, Pier, Triangle Park, Old A's, Pu'uanahulu, Holualoa, Kainaliu, Kaloko, Pottery Terrace, Bowling Alley, Aloha Gas, Safeway, Walmart, K-Mar, Lowes, Industrial Area, Camp Kikaha, Waikoloa, Hinalani, Hamburger Hill

7 - South Kona Milolii, Papa Bay, Pebble Beach, Lavas, Ho'okena, Honaunau, Napoopoo, Keei, Capt. Cook, Kealakekua, Konawaena



6 - Kaʻū Namakanipaio, Pahala, Punaluu, Whittington Beach Park, Waiohinu, Honoapu, Naalehu, Discovery Bay, South Point Road, Oceanview Estates 3 - North Hilo Hakalau Mill, Umauma, Laupahoehoe Point, Laupahoehoe Town, Papaaloa, Ninole, Waikaumalo Park

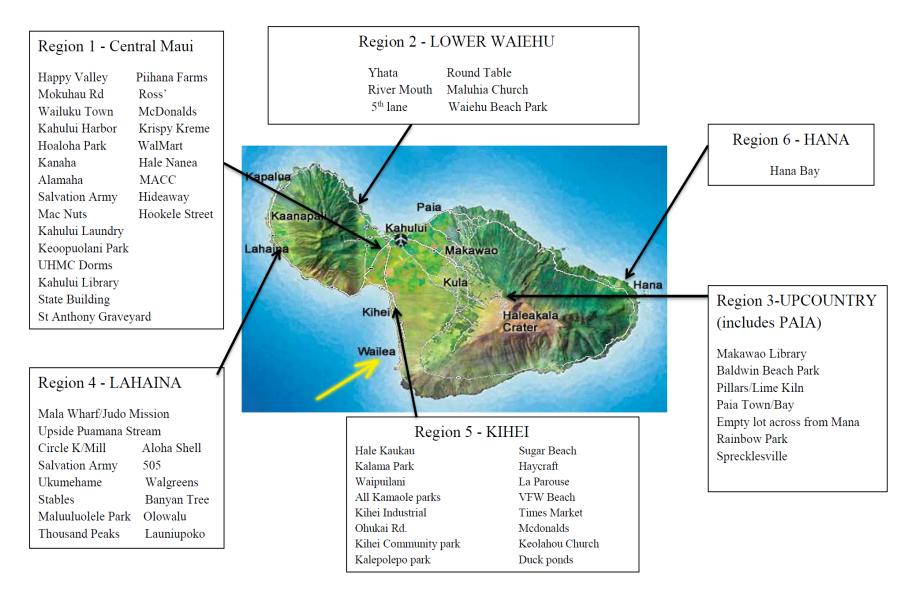
4 - South Hilo

Kolekole, Honomu, Pepeekeo Mill, Onomea, Kalanianaole School, Suisan, Wailoa, Banyan Drive, Hopaco Bushes, Railroad, Keaukaha, Kingʻs Landing, Panaʻewa, Ponahawai Cemetary, Papaikou, Kaiwiki, Wainaku, Kaumana, Rainbow Falls, Hilo Town, Waiakea Uka, Hilo Armory, Singing Bridge, Bayshore Overpass, Walter Victor Park, Stainback

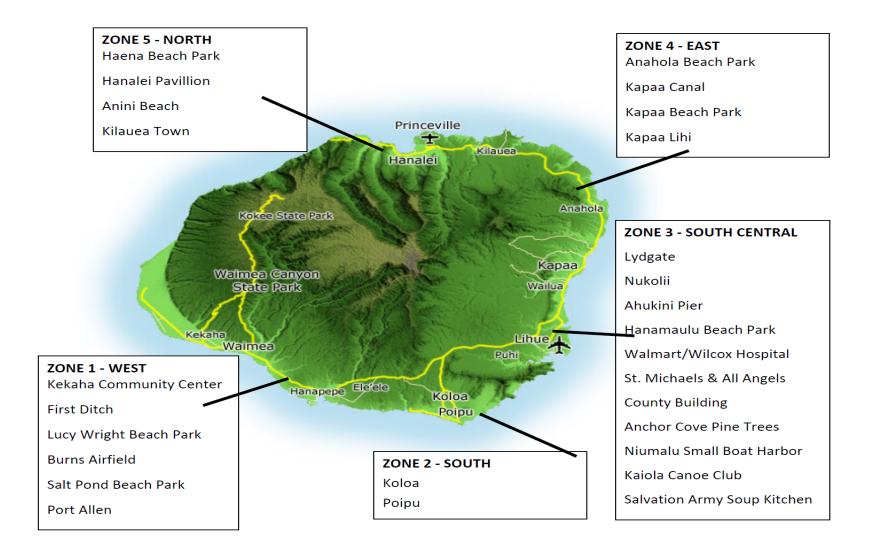
5 - Puna

Shipman, Keaau, Shower, Kaloli, Paradise, Makuu, Ainaloa, Orchidland, Beach Road, Tiki Gardens, Pahoa, Hawaiian Beaches, Hawaiian Shores, Waawaa, Nanawale, Leilani, Pohoiki, Mackenzie, Opihikao, Kalapana, Seaview, Black Sands, Tangerine Acres, Hawaiian Acres, Fern Acres, Fern Forrest, Kurtistown, Eden Roc, Aloha Estates, Glenwood, Alii Kane, Volcano Village, Cooper Center, Pohaku Drive, Orchidland, Makuu Farm Lots, N Kulani, Gilligans, Olaa Road, Kaimu, Hot Ponds, Champage Ponds, Kehena, Lighthouse

Maui







Appendix 5: HUD HDX Reporting Tables

HUD HDX Table 1

HI-500 Homeless Populations Households with At Least One Adult & One Child (Families)

Persons in Households with at least one Adult and one Child

	Shel	tered	Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Total # of households	50	67	67	184
Total # of Persons (Adults & Children)	175	241	253	669
# of Persons (under age 18)	102	131	136	369
# of Persons (18-24)	15	21	16	52
# of Persons (over age 24)	58	89	101	248

Gender (adults and children)

	Shel	tered	Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency Transitional			
Female	115	127	140	382
Male	60	114	113	287
Transgender	0	0	0	0
Gender Non-Conforming	0	0	0	0

Ethnicity (adults and children)

	Shel	tered	Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino	149	202	215	566
Hispanic/Latino	26	39	38	103

Race (adults and children)

	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
White	32	26	29	87
Black or African American	1	4	9	14
Asian	2	10	16	28
American Indian or Alaska Native	6	0	6	12
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	67	101	108	276
Multiple Races	67	100	85	252

	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Total # of households	13	NA	11	24
Total # of persons	44	NA	34	78

HUD HDX Table 2 HI-500 Homeless Populations Households with only Children

Persons in Households with only Children

	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Total # of households	0	0	0	0
Total # of children (under age 18)	0	0	0	0

Gender

	Shel	tered	Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Female	0	0	0	0
Male	0	0	0	0
Transgender	0	0	0	0
Gender Non-Conforming	0	0	0	0
(i.e. not exclusively male or female)				

Ethnicity

	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino	0	0	0	0
Hispanic/Latino	0	0	0	0

Race

	Shel	tered	Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
White	0	0	0	0
Black or African American	0	0	0	0
Asian	0	0	0	0
American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	0	0
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0
Multiple Races	0	0	0	0

	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency Transitional			
Total # of persons	0	NA	0	0

HUD HDX Table 3 HI-500 Homeless Populations Households without Children

Persons in Households without Children

	Shel	tered	Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Total # of households	216	61	940	1,217
Total # of Persons (Adults)	224	66	1,051	1,341
# of Persons (age 18-24)	11	0	62	73
# of Persons (over age 24)	213	66	989	1,268

Gender

	Shel	tered	Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Female	88	32	361	481
Male	136	34	683	853
Transgender	0	0	0	0
Gender Non-Conforming (i.e. not exclusively male or female)	0	0	7	7

Ethnicity

	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino	196	52	902	1,150
Hispanic/Latino	28	14	149	191

Race

	Shel	tered	Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
White	104	29	424	557
Black or African American	9	2	28	39
Asian	8	6	75	89
American Indian or Alaska Native	5	0	24	29
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	30	14	229	273
Multiple Races	68	15	271	354

	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency Transitional			
Total # of persons	76	NA	555	631

HI-500 Homeless Subpopulations Additional Homeless Subpopulations

Additional Homeless Subpopulations

	Shel	tered	Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Adults with a Serious Mental Illness	119	28	474	621
Adults with a Substance Use Disorder	70	23	367	460
Adults with HIV/AIDS	2	0	14	16
Adult Survivors of Domestic Violence (optional)	47	8	NA	55

HI-500 Youth Populations Unaccompanied Youth Households

Unaccompanied Youth (UY) Households

	She	ltered	Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Total # of UY Households	11	0	51	62
Total # of UY Persons	11	0	52	63
# of unaccompanied children (under 18)	0	0	0	0
# of unaccompanied young adults (18 to 24)	11	0	52	63

Gender

	Shel	tered	Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Female	4	0	21	25
Male	7	0	28	35
Transgender	0	0	0	0
Gender Non-Conforming	0	0	3	3

Ethnicity

	Shel	tered	Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino	10	0	47	57
Hispanic/Latino	1	0	5	6

Race

	Shel	tered	Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
White	2	0	22	24
Black or African American	1	0	5	6
Asian	0	0	2	2
American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	0	0
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	5	0	10	15
Multiple Races	3	0	13	16

	Sheltered		Sheltered Unsheltered	
	Emergency	Transitional		
Total # of persons	0	NA	14	14

HI-500 Youth Populations Parenting Youth Households

Parenting Youth (PY) Households

	Shel	tered	Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Total # of PY Households	5	5	4	14
Total # of persons in PY Households	16	14	11	41
Total PY (Youth Parents Only)	9	8	7	24
Total Children in PY Households	7	6	4	17
# of PY under age 18	0	0	0	0
# of children in households with	0	0	0	0
parenting youth under age 18				
# of PY ages 18 to 24	9	8	7	24
# of children in households with	7	6	4	17
parenting youth aged 18 to 24				

Gender (Youth Parents Only)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Shel	tered	Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Female	6	5	4	15
Male	3	3	3	9
Transgender	0	0	0	0
Gender Non-Conforming	0	0	0	0

Ethnicity (Youth Parents Only)

	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino	8	7	7	22
Hispanic/Latino	1	1	0	2

Race (Youth Parents Only)

	Shel	tered	Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
White	2	0	1	3
Black or African American	0	0	0	0
Asian	0	0	0	0
American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	0	0
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	2	3	2	7
Multiple Races	5	5	4	14

	Sheltered		Sheltered Unsheltered		Total
	Emergency	Transitional			
Total # of households	1	NA	1	2	
Total # of persons	3	NA	3	6	

HI-500 Veteran Populations Veteran Households with at least one Adult & one Child

Persons in Households with At Least One Adult & One Child

	Shel	tered	Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency Transitional			
Total # of Households	0	2	2	4
Total # of Persons	0	7	6	13
Total # of Veterans	0	2	2	4

Gender (Veterans only)

	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Female	0	0	0	0
Male	0	2	2	4
Transgender	0	0	0	0
Gender Non-Conforming (i.e. not	0	0	0	0
exclusively male or female)				

Ethnicity (Veterans only)

	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino	0	1	2	3
Hispanic/Latino	0	1	0	1

Race (Veterans only)

	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
White	0	0	1	1
Black or African American	0	0	0	0
Asian	0	1	0	1
American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	0	0
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0
Multiple Races	0	1	1	2

	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Total # of households	0	NA	1	1
Total # of Persons	0	NA	3	3

HI-500 Veteran Populations Veteran Households without Children

Persons in Households without Children

	Shel	tered	Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Total # of Households	30	2	95	127
Total # of Persons	32	2	109	143
Total # of Veterans	30	2	96	128

Gender (Veterans only)

	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Female	5	0	7	12
Male	25	2	87	114
Transgender	0	0	0	0
Gender Non-Conforming (i.e. not	0	0	2	2
exclusively male or female)				

Ethnicity (Veterans only)

	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino	26	1	81	108
Hispanic/Latino	4	1	15	20

Race (Veterans only)

	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
White	12	1	46	59
Black or African American	2	0	3	5
Asian	2	1	8	11
American Indian or Alaska Native	1	0	4	5
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	2	0	14	16
Multiple Races	11	0	21	32

	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency Transitional			
Total # of persons	13	NA	57	70